## Designs for half-diallel experiments

R. A. Bailey, University of St Andrews

## Abstract

In some experiments, the experimental units are all pairs of individuals who have to undertake a given task together. If all such pairs are used exactly once each, then the set of pairs forms a triangular association scheme. If there are n individuals then there are N = n(n-1)/2such pairs. The corresponding Bose–Mesner algebra has three common eigenspaces. One consists of the constant vectors (it has dimension 1); one consists of linear combinations of the indicator vectors of individuals, constrained so that the entries sum to zero (it has dimension n-1); the third is the orthogonal complement of these two (it has dimension N-n).

In classical work on design of experiments, the experimental units are grouped into b blocks of size k. Again, there are three common eigenspaces. One consists of the constant vectors; one consists of vectors which are constant on each block and whose entries sum to zero; the third is the orthogonal complement of these two.

In both cases, we assume that the variance–covariance matrix  $\mathbf{C}$  of the responses to the experiment is an unknown linear combination of the matrices of projection onto these eigenspaces.

Two types of block design are particularly important. In *balanced* block designs, the variance of the estimated difference between any two treatments is the same, no matter what the eigenvalues of  $\mathbf{C}$  are. In *orthogonal* block designs, the linear combination of responses which gives the best unbiased estimator of any difference between treatments does not depend on what the eigenvalues of  $\mathbf{C}$  are. Such designs are often said to have *commutative orthogonal block structure*.

In this talk I concentrate on designs for half-diallel experiments. I will give some constructions for balanced designs and some for designs which have commutative orthogonal block structure.

This is joint work with P. Cameron (University of St Andrews) and D. Ferreira, S. S. Ferreira and C. Nunes (Universidade de Beira Interior).